TERRI LOMAX, Oregon State University Developing a Plant Genetic Assessment and Control System for Space Environments

Plants will play an essential role in providing life-support for any long-term space exploration or habitation. This proposal describes an adaptable system that measures the response of plants to any unique space condition and then optimizes plant performance under those conditions. The proposed architecture is based on a unique combination of systems including the rapid advances in the field of plant genomics, micro array technology for measuring gene expression, bioinformatics, and physiological monitoring. The resulting flexible module for monitoring and optimizing plant responses will play an integral, cross-cutting role in achieving the goals of several NASA Strategic Enterprises including Human Exploration and Development of Space, Biological and Physical Research, and Space Science.

In Phase II, we will assess the capacity for applying the results from future plant functional genomics projects to those plant species most likely to be used in space environments. Eventually, it will be

> PLANT GENETIC ASSESSMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEM

> > **Plant-Centered**

Biosystem

Life Support Outputs

Food

Medicines

Vitamins Gas Recycling Water Recycling Solid Waste Recycling Aesthetics/Avocation

Resource Inputs

BiologicalComponents

Plant Genes

Microbes

Liaht

Water

Gases

Nutrients

Seeds/Spores

hysical Components

possible to use this architecture to optimize the performance of any plant in any space environment. In addition to allowing the effective control of environmental parameters for enhanced plant productivity and other life support functions, the module will also allow the selection or engineering of plants optimized to thrive in specific space environments. Future additions to the architecture will include the technical

ResourceAdjustments

Biological Components

Active Genes

Deactivate Genes

Change Genes

Change Light

Change Water

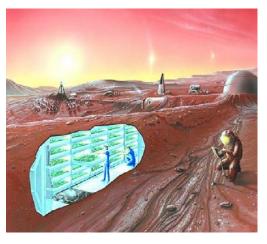
Change Gases

Change Nutrients

Physical Components

advances necessary for remote collection and evaluation of data. In Phase II, we will study the major feasibility issues with cost, performance, associated development time, and key technology issues for developing a Plant Genetic Assessment and Control System to provide a sound basis for NASA to consider implementation of the concept for future missions. The proposed concept will advance NASA's mission of human exploration, use, and development of space in the near- and mid-term on the International Space Station and in the farterm for longer duration missions and eventual space habitation.





Role of Plant Genetic Assessment and Control